

The following changes are recommended, to clarify provisions of the SMP, and are consistent with SMA (RCW 90.58) policy, the SMP Guidelines (WAC 173-26, Part III) and Ocean Management (WAC 173-26, Part IV):

ITEM	SMP Provision	BILL FORMAT CHANGES (<u>underline</u> = additions; strikethrough = deletions)	ECOLOGY DISCUSSION/RATIONALE																								
1	1.4 Applicability	<p>1.4.5. The provisions of this Master Program shall apply to all shorelines of the state in unincorporated Grays Harbor County, including all freshwater and saltwater shorelines, shorelines of statewide significance, and all shorelands as defined in RCW <u>90.58.030</u> 90.58.030, except where this Master Program makes explicit exception consistent with state law.</p> <p>1.4.6 Federal agencies are subject to this Master Program and RCW 90.58, as provided by the Coastal Zone Management Act (Title 16 USC §1451 et seq.) and Washington Administrative Code <u>173-27-060</u> 173-24-060(1).</p>	Citation corrections																								
2	2.1 Shoreline jurisdiction	<p>2.1.1 A. The Pacific Ocean and its harbors, bays, estuaries, and inlets from the ordinary high water mark offshore three nautical miles to the western boundary of Grays Harbor County <u>Washington State</u>;</p> <p>...</p> <p>2.1.2 A. The Pacific Ocean and its harbors, bays, estuaries, and inlets from the ordinary high water mark offshore three nautical miles to the western boundary of Grays Harbor County <u>Washington State</u>;</p>	Recommended revisions for improved consistency with the definition in RCW 90.58.030 (f) which extends shorelines of the state, and shorelines of statewide significance to the western boundary of Washington State. The extension of jurisdiction in-water is authorized by RCW 35.21.160.																								
3	2.9 Natural Environment	<p>2.9.2 Designation Criteria A. Shorelands and shoreline areas that <u>are largely ecologically intact and therefore</u> perform an important, irreplaceable function <u>or an ecosystem-wide process either of which is</u> susceptible to damage by human activity. <u>Ecologically intact means that the shoreline is largely vegetated with native vegetation</u>;</p>	County proposed revision in response to comment (line C-1, Attachment D). Ecology recommends a grammatical correction to the spelling of 'shoreline' in the last phrase.																								
4	2.10 Shoreline Use and Modification Tables	Table 1: <u>Shoreline Uses and Modifications</u> by Environment Designation	County proposed revision to the title in response to comment (line C-3, Attachment D). Ecology recommends adding the word "Shoreline" for internal consistency with the title of Table 2.																								
5	2.10 Shoreline Use and Modification Tables	<p>Table 1:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>High Intensity</th> <th>Coastal Community</th> <th>Shoreline Residential</th> <th>Rural Development</th> <th>Aquatic</th> <th>Pacific Ocean</th> <th>Natural</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Shoreline Uses</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Aquaculture^x</td> <td>P</td> <td>P</td> <td>P</td> <td>P</td> <td>P⁺</td> <td>P</td> <td>P⁺</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><u>*Net pen aquaculture for nonnative marine finfish species is prohibited.</u></p>		High Intensity	Coastal Community	Shoreline Residential	Rural Development	Aquatic	Pacific Ocean	Natural	Shoreline Uses								Aquaculture ^x	P	P	P	P	P ⁺	P	P ⁺	<p>In response to comments (lines C-4 and E-1, Att. D), the County proposes revising Table 1, adding a footnote to Aquatic Environment Aquaculture and Natural Environment Aquaculture to clarify that net pen aquaculture for nonnative finfish species is prohibited consistent with the 2018 legislation limiting the lease of state owned aquatic lands for nonnative marine finfish aquaculture.</p> <p>Ecology recommends this be a more general footnote to Aquaculture since it can also occur in the Pacific Ocean environment designation. See related changes in items 15 and 16</p>
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6	2.10 Shoreline Use and Modification Tables	Table 1: Agriculture in the Pacific Ocean designation: X <u>NA</u>	The Pacific Ocean designation only applies waterward of the OHWM.																								

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7	2.10 Shoreline Use and Modification Tables	<p>Table 1:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="559 220 1779 545"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>High Intensity</th> <th>Coastal Community</th> <th>Shoreline Residential</th> <th>Rural Development</th> <th>Aquatic</th> <th>Pacific Ocean</th> <th>Natural</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Shoreline Uses</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Commercial development:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Water-dependent</td> <td>P</td> <td>P</td> <td>P</td> <td>X</td> <td>P</td> <td>C</td> <td>X</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Water-related</td> <td>C</td> <td>P</td> <td>P</td> <td>X</td> <td>P^X</td> <td>C</td> <td>X</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Water-enjoyment</td> <td>X</td> <td>P</td> <td>C</td> <td>P</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Nonwater-oriented</td> <td>X</td> <td>P</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>^x Allowed only when consistent with 4.5.3 D.</p>		High Intensity	Coastal Community	Shoreline Residential	Rural Development	Aquatic	Pacific Ocean	Natural	Shoreline Uses								Commercial development:								Water-dependent	P	P	P	X	P	C	X	Water-related	C	P	P	X	P ^X	C	X	Water-enjoyment	X	P	C	P	X	X	X	Nonwater-oriented	X	P	X	X	X	X	X	<p>In response to comment (line C-5, Att. D), the County proposes to revise the allowance for Water-related commercial development to a prohibited use.</p> <p>Ecology recommends adding a footnote referencing Regulation 4.5.3 which is consistent with WAC 173-26-241(3)(d).</p>
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8	2.10 Shoreline Use and Modification Tables	<p>Table 2:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="559 678 1779 894"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>High Intensity</th> <th>Coastal Community</th> <th>Shoreline Residential</th> <th>Rural Development</th> <th>Aquatic</th> <th>Pacific Ocean</th> <th>Natural</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Shoreline Modifications</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dredging and dredge material disposal not exempt under Section 5.5.3.B <u>5.5.3.A</u>^{xx}</td> <td>C</td> <td>C</td> <td>C</td> <td>C</td> <td>C</td> <td>C</td> <td>X</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>^{xx}A shoreline permit is not required to dispose of dredged materials at a disposal site approved through the cooperative planning process referenced in RCW 79.105.500, provided the dredged material disposal proponent obtains a valid site use authorization from the dredged material management office within the department of natural resources.</p>		High Intensity	Coastal Community	Shoreline Residential	Rural Development	Aquatic	Pacific Ocean	Natural	Shoreline Modifications								Dredging and dredge material disposal not exempt under Section 5.5.3.B <u>5.5.3.A</u> ^{xx}	C	C	C	C	C	C	X	<p>Citation correction.</p> <p>Ecology recommends the added footnote to address legislation adopted during the 2019 Session (HB 1480) which removes the requirement for a local shoreline permit for disposal of dredged materials at open water disposal sites approved through the Dredged Material Management Program (DMMP).</p>																																
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9	2.10 Shoreline Use and Modification Tables	<p>Add the following footnote to both Table 1: Uses by Environment and Table 2: Shoreline Modifications by Environment Designation:</p> <p>^x<u>Work below the OHWM of Lake Quinault is solely within the jurisdiction of the Quinault Indian Nation and will not be authorized by the County.</u></p>	<p>In response to comment (line A-9, Att. D), the County proposes adding a footnote to the Coastal Community and Shoreline Residential environment designations in Table 2 to clarify that uses allowed in these designations below the OHWM of Lake Quinault are completely within the jurisdiction of the Quinault Indian Nation and will not be authorized by the County.</p> <p>Ecology recommends adding a more general footnote to both tables 1 and 2 to address this concern. The Coastal Community and Shoreline Residential designations are upland designations only.</p>																																																								
10	3.2 Archeology, Historic, and Scientific Resources	3.2.3 Regulations:	County proposed revision in response to comment (line D-1, Att. D)																																																								

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		A. The Administrator shall review all permit applications for shoreline development or statements of exemption on any project site within 200 feet of a known or mapped area of an archeological, historic, or scientific site that is shown on the Washington State Department of Archeology and Historic Preservation's current predictive model as "survey recommended: moderate risk", "survey highly advised: high risk", and "survey highly advised: very high risk".	
11	3.3 Protection of Shoreline Ecological Functions	3.3.3 Regulations F. Before granting a shoreline permit or exemption, the Administrator shall review site plans to determine that the removal of native shoreline vegetation within a shoreline buffer <u>or critical area or critical area buffer</u> will not result in a net loss of ecological function. When a proposed development will result in the removal or disturbance of native vegetation within a required shoreline buffer or critical area or critical area buffer , the Administrator may require a critical area protection study as provided in GHCC 18.06.020. The study shall evaluate the following factors: ...	County proposed edits in response to comment (line D-2, Att. D) Related change in Item 13
12	3.3 Protection of Shoreline Ecological Functions	3.3.3 Regulations I. Removal of vegetation within the shoreline buffer shall be avoided except under the following conditions: i. Where removal of native vegetation cannot be avoided, it shall be mitigated consistent with the requirements under Section 3.3.3 C and D. ii. Property owners may do limited and selective pruning for views within the shoreline buffer that does not compromise slope stability and ecological functions. View maintenance techniques shall preserve plant composition and structure by removing no more than 25 percent of the canopy cover of any individual tree <u>and no more than 20 percent of the canopy cover in any single stand of trees in a given five-year period.</u> Pruning shall comply with the National Arborist Association pruning standards.	Additional language is recommended to ensure no net loss of ecological functions and for additional clarity.
13	3.3 Protection of Shoreline Ecological Functions	3.3.3 Regulations <u>L. Minimize the permanent clearing of native vegetation in shoreline jurisdiction. If vegetation clearing would potentially adversely impact shoreline functions, mitigate those impacts.</u>	County proposed new regulation in response to comment (Line D-2, Att. D). Ecology suggests one edit, removing the word "potentially". Mitigation is required when there are unavoidable impacts, not for potential impacts. Related change in Item 11
14	3.5 Public access	3.5.3 L. Maintenance of public access areas or improvements shall be the responsibility of the owner unless the county accepts responsibility through a formal agreement recorded with the County Auditor. i. A five-foot wide walkway or trail on an easement no less than twelve feet wide that leads from a public right of way to shorelines of the state; ii. Installation of amenities at an existing public access location, such as benches, picnic facilities, windbreaks, covered patios, interpretive centers, parking improvements, or restrooms; iii. The connection or continuation of a public walkway, bike path, or trail that is equivalent in design and area; iv. Parking, a viewpoint, park, observation tower, deck, pier, or boat launch; or	Typographical corrections remove language duplicative of J(i)-(v), K and L.

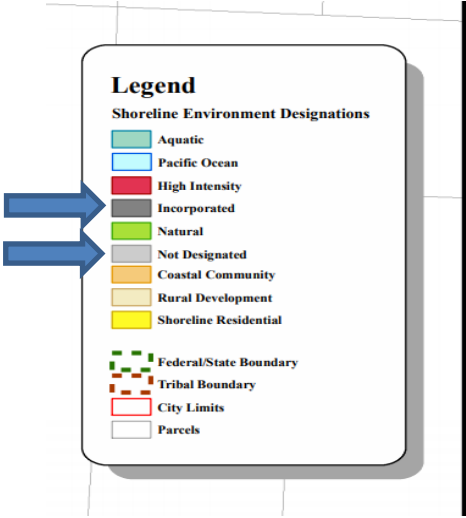
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		<p>v. Mitigation at other existing sites or other improvements appropriate to the level of development.</p> <p>M. Proposed shoreline uses shall record all required public access improvements with the County Auditor through a legal instrument, such as an easement or a public dedication. Recordings shall occur before approval of building permits, occupancy, or subdivision approval, whichever one happens first. Successors to the shoreline development shall not diminish the usefulness or value of required public access areas or improvements.</p> <p>N. Maintenance of public access areas or improvements shall be the responsibility of the owner unless the county accepts responsibility through a formal agreement recorded with the County Auditor.</p>	
15	4.3 Aquaculture	<p>4.3.2 Policies</p> <p>C. Design and locate aquacultural facilities to avoid the potential to spread disease to native aquatic life. <u>Ensure that establishment of new nonnative species that does not cause significant ecological impacts, or significantly affect the aesthetic qualities of the shoreline.</u></p>	<p>County proposed revisions for clarity in response to comment (lines C-4 and E-1, Att. D). See related changes in items 5 and 16.</p>
16	4.3 Aquaculture	<p>4.3.3 <u>C. Per RCW 77.125.050(1) net pen aquaculture for nonnative marine finfish species is prohibited.</u></p>	<p>County suggested addition in response to comment (lines C-4 and E-1, Att. D). See related changes in items 5 and 15.</p>
17	4.3 Aquaculture	<p>4.3.3 E. v. A single conditional use permit may substitute <u>be submitted</u> for multiple sites within an inlet, bay or other defined feature, provided the sites are all under control of the same applicant and within the same shoreline aquatic environment;</p>	<p>Suggested edit for clarity.</p>
18	4.5 Commercial Development	<p>4.5.3 Regulations</p> <p>B. The order of priority for locating commercial development within shoreline jurisdiction is as follows:</p> <p>i. Water dependent commercial development has preference over nonwater dependent commercial development; and</p> <p>ii. Water related and water enjoyment commercial development has preference over nonwater-oriented commercial development.</p> <p>4.5.2 Policies</p> <p><u>E. The order of priority for locating commercial development within shoreline jurisdiction is as follows:</u></p> <p><u>i. Water-dependent commercial development has preference over nonwater-dependent commercial development; and</u></p> <p><u>ii. Water-related and water-enjoyment commercial development has preference over nonwater-oriented commercial development.</u></p>	<p>The suggested revision relocates the language from the regulations (4.5.3 B) to the policies (new 4.5.2 E) consistent with the County suggested revision in Section 4.7 Industrial Development.</p>
19	4.7 Industrial Development	<p>4.7.3 Regulations</p> <p>A. The order of priority for locating industrial development within shoreline jurisdiction is as follows:</p> <p>i. Water dependent commercial industrial development is encouraged over nonwater dependent commercial industrial development; and</p> <p>ii. Water related industrial development is encouraged over nonwater-oriented commercial development.</p>	<p>In response to comment (line E-2, Att. D), the County proposes revisions relocating these provisions from the regulations (4.7.3) to the policy section (4.7.2).</p> <p>Ecology suggests additional edits removing references to “commercial” since this section addresses industrial development. Commercial development is addressed in Section 4.5.</p>

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		4.7.2 Policies <u>E. The order of priority for locating industrial development within shoreline jurisdiction is as follows:</u> i. <u>Water-dependent commercial industrial development is encouraged over nonwater-dependent commercial industrial development; and</u> ii. <u>Water-related industrial development is encouraged over nonwater-oriented industrial development.</u>	
20	4.11 Residential Development	4.11.3 Regulations ... D. New multi-unit residential development, including subdivisions of land into more than four parcels shall provide public access in accordance with <u>SMP Section 3.5 Public Access</u> Error! Reference source not found. for use by residents and the public.	Correction to citation.
21	5.3 Beach and Dune Management	5.3.3 Regulations D. Dune modification and vegetation removal to protect views of the water shall occur only on properties subdivided and developed before the <u>effective date adoption of the comprehensive update to this Master Program</u> under the following circumstances:	Suggested revisions for improved clarity and consistent with the phrasing in Attachment B, item 9.
22	6.4 Relationship to Marine Spatial Planning	6.4.2 While Marine Spatial Planning is a planning process still underway, the <u>The county will strive to consider and integrate the most current, accurate, and complete scientific information available generated through the Marine Spatial Plan that process into current permit actions and future Master Program amendments. This may include evaluating the Pacific Ocean Shoreline Environment to select appropriate environments for ocean resources uses and development that best meets the intent of the Act and Chapter 173-26 WAC and ORMA.</u>	Edits are recommended due to the adoption of the Marine Spatial Plan.
23	6.5 Criteria for Permitting Ocean Resources Development	6.5.1 The county may authorize ocean resources uses and development as a substantial development, conditional use, or variance based on <u>only if</u> meeting or exceeding the following criteria:	Revision is recommended for clarity and improved consistency with WAC 173-26-360(6).
24	6.6 General Policies for Ocean Resources Management	6.6.1 K. Locate and design ocean resources development and their associated facilities to avoid and minimize adverse impacts on historic or culturally significant sites in compliance with Chapter 27.34 RCW and 0 <u>Section 3.2</u> of this Master Program....	Citation correction.
25	6.13 Ocean Salvage	6.13.3 Ocean salvage activities shall conform to the provisions under 0 <u>Section 3.2</u> regarding the protection of archeology, historic, and scientific resources.	Citation correction.
26	7 Permit Procedures and Enforcement	New Section or subsection: <u>7.XX Development not requiring shoreline permits or local review Requirements to obtain a substantial development permit, conditional use permit, variance, letter of exemption, or other review to implement the Shoreline Management Act do not apply to the following:</u> (i) <u>Remedial actions. Pursuant to RCW 90.58.355, any person conducting a remedial action at a facility pursuant to a consent decree, order, or agreed order issued pursuant to chapter 70.105D RCW, or to the department of ecology when it conducts a remedial action under chapter 70.105D RCW.</u> (ii) <u>Boatyard improvements to meet NPDES permit requirements. Pursuant to RCW 90.58.355, any person installing site improvements for storm water treatment in an existing boatyard facility to meet requirements of a national pollutant discharge elimination system storm water general permit.</u>	In 2017 Ecology adopted WAC 173-27-044 to consolidate three separate laws that create special exceptions to the applicability of local SMPs. The rule clarifies that requirements to obtain a substantial development permit, conditional use permit, variance, letter of exemption, or other review conducted by a local government to implement the SMA do not apply to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • remedial hazardous substance cleanup actions (1994 law),

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		<p><u>(iii) WSDOT facility maintenance and safety improvements. Pursuant to RCW 90.58.356, Washington State Department of Transportation projects and activities meeting the conditions of RCW 90.58.356 are not required to obtain a substantial development permit, conditional use permit, variance, letter of exemption, or other local review.</u></p> <p><u>(iv) Projects consistent with an environmental excellence program agreement pursuant to RCW 90.58.045.</u></p> <p><u>(v) Projects authorized through the Energy Facility Site Evaluation Council process, pursuant to chapter 80.50 RCW.</u></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • boatyard improvements to meet NPDES requirements (2012), and • certain WSDOT maintenance and safety projects and activities (2015 law). <p>Ecology also made housekeeping revisions to WAC 173-27-045, a separate section that describes developments that are not required to meet SMA requirements.</p> <p>See related change in Item 30</p>
27	7.2.3 Exemptions	WAC 173- 27 24-040 lists activities that are exempt from the requirement to obtain a shoreline substantial development permit under this Master Program.	Citation correction. Exemptions are found in WAC 173-27-040. WAC 173-24 does not exist.
28	7.2.3 Exemptions	A. Any development of which the total cost or fair market value, whichever is higher, does not exceed 6,416 <u>7,047</u> dollars, if such development does not materially interfere with the normal public use of the water or shorelines of the state. ...	The monetary threshold was revised by the Office of Financial Management and became effective September 2, 2017. Notice was published in the State Register on August 3, 2017.
29	7.2.3 Exemptions	H. Construction of a dock, including a community dock, designed for pleasure craft only, for the private noncommercial use of the owner, lessee, or contract purchaser of single and multiple family residences. This exception applies if either: (A) In salt waters, the fair market value of the dock does not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars; or (B) in fresh waters, the fair market value of the dock does not exceed: (I) Twenty-two <u>two hundred</u> thousand dollars for docks that are constructed to replace existing docks, are of equal or lesser square footage than the existing dock being replaced, and are located in a county, city, or town that has updated its master program consistent with the master program guidelines in chapter 173-26 WAC as adopted in 2003; or (II) ten <u>eleven</u> thousand <u>two hundred</u> dollars for all other docks constructed in fresh waters. However, if subsequent construction occurs within five years of completion of the prior construction, and the combined fair market value of the subsequent and prior construction exceeds the amount specified in either (e)(vii)(A) <u>(vii)(A)</u> or (B) of this subsection (3) , the subsequent construction shall be considered a substantial development for the purpose of this chapter. All dollar thresholds under (e)(vii)(B) <u>(vii)(B)</u> of this subsection (3) must be adjusted for inflation by the office of financial management every five years, beginning July 1, 2018, based upon changes in the consumer price index during that time period.	The monetary thresholds were revised by the Office of Financial Management and became effective November 4, 2018. Notice was published in the State Register on October 4, 2018.
30	7.2.3 Exemptions	<p>L. Any project with a certification from the governor pursuant to Chapter 80.50 RCW, Energy Facilities.</p> <p>...</p> <p>Q. Conducting a remedial action at a facility pursuant to a consent decree, order, or agreed order issued pursuant to Chapter 70.105D RCW, or to the Department of Ecology when it conducts a remedial action under Chapter 70.105D RCW. The department must ensure compliance with the substantive requirements of this chapter through the consent decree, order, or agreed order issued pursuant to Chapter 70.105D RCW, or during the department conducted remedial action, through the procedures developed by the department pursuant to RCW 70.105D.090. Such actions do not require local review or a letter of exemption.</p>	<p>Recommended deletion. These provisions are all included in the recommended new section listing developments not required to obtain shoreline permits or local reviews.</p> <p>See related change in item 26</p>

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		<p>R. Installing site improvements for storm water treatment in an existing boatyard facility to meet requirements of a national pollutant discharge elimination system storm water general permit. The Department of Ecology must ensure compliance with the substantive requirements of the Act through the review of engineering reports, site plans, and other documents related to the installation of boatyard storm water treatment facilities. Such actions do not require local review or a letter of exemption.</p> <p>S. The following department of transportation projects and activities do not require a substantial development permit, conditional use permit, variance, letter of exemption, or other review conducted by a local government:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Maintenance, repair, or replacement that occurs within the roadway prism of a state highway as defined in RCW 46.04.560, the lease or ownership area of a state ferry terminal, or the lease or ownership area of a transit facility, including ancillary transportation facilities such as pedestrian paths, bicycle paths, or both, and bike lanes; ii. Construction or installation of safety structures and equipment, including pavement marking, freeway surveillance and control systems, railroad protective devices not including grade separated crossings, grooving, glare screen, safety barriers, energy attenuators, and hazardous or dangerous tree removal; iii. Maintenance occurring within the right of way; or iv. Construction undertaken in response to unforeseen, extraordinary circumstances that is necessary to prevent a decline, lapse, or cessation of service from a lawfully established transportation facility. 	
31	7.5 Application review and appeal procedures	<p>7.5.5 Notice of Application</p> <p>J. D. A Notice of Application is not required for <u>permits applications</u> exempt under Section 7.2 or <u>for</u> letters of exemption under Section 7.2.4.</p>	Suggested formatting correction and edits for clarity.
32	Chapter 8: Master Program Amendments	<p>8.1 General</p> <p>8.1.2 All amendments to the Master Program shall be consistent with WAC 173-26-100 <u>or WAC 173-26-104.</u></p>	Ecology amended its rules in 2017 and established an alternative optional joint review process. Inclusion of this reference allows the county to select either amendment process in the future.
33	Chapter 9 Definitions	<p>"Approval" means an official action by a local government legislative body agreeing to submit a proposed shoreline master program or amendments to the department for review and official action pursuant to this chapter; or an official action by the department to make a local government shoreline master program effective, thereby incorporating the approved shoreline master program or amendment into the state master program.</p>	The term "approval" is used in a number of ways throughout the SMP and is not limited to decisions on SMP amendments.
34	Chapter 9 Definitions	<p>"Exemption" or "Exempt" means developments as set forth in WAC 173-27-040 and RCW 90.58.030 (3)(e), 90.58.140(9), 90.58.147, and 90.58.515 which are not required to obtain a substantial development permit but which must otherwise comply with applicable provisions of the act and the local master program.</p>	Deletion of the reference to RCW 90.58.140(9) is recommended as it addresses activities authorized under chapter 80.50 RCW. These are not required to obtain a permit and are not subject to the SMA. See WAC 173-27-045.
35	Chapter 9 Definitions	<p>"Qualified professional" means a person with experience and training in the pertinent scientific discipline, and who is a qualified scientific expert with expertise appropriate for the relevant critical area subject in accordance with WAC 365-195-905(4). A qualified professional must have obtained a B.S. or B.A. or</p>	County request to add a definition clarifying what is needed to be a qualified wetland professional. The recommended definition was

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		<p>equivalent degree in biology, engineering, environmental studies, fisheries, geomorphology, or related field, and two years of related work experience.</p> <p>i. A qualified professional for habitats or wetlands must have a degree in biology and professional experience related to the subject species.</p> <p>ii. <u>A qualified professional for wetlands is a person with professional work experience and training in wetland issues and with experience in performing delineations, analyzing wetland functions and values, analyzing wetland impacts, and recommending wetland mitigation and restoration. Qualifications include: (1) Bachelor of Science or Bachelor of Arts or equivalent degree in biology, botany, environmental studies, fisheries, soil science, wildlife or related field, and two years of related professional work experience, including a minimum of one year experience delineating wetlands using the Unified Federal Manual and preparing wetland reports and mitigation plans. Additional education may substitute for one year of related work experience; or (2) Four years of related professional work experience and training, with a minimum of two years' experience delineating wetlands using the Unified Federal Manual and preparing wetland reports and mitigation plans. The person should be familiar with the approved federal manual and applicable regional supplements for wetland delineation, the 2014 Washington State Wetlands Rating System for Western Washington (Ecology Publication #14-06-029), Grays Harbor County wetland development regulations and the requirements of this chapter. .</u></p> <p>iii. A qualified professional for a geological hazard must be a professional engineer or geologist, licensed in the state of Washington.</p> <p>iv. A qualified professional for critical aquifer recharge areas means a hydrogeologist, geologist, engineer, or other scientist with experience in preparing hydrogeologic assessment.</p>	<p>chosen by county staff from a number of alternatives identified by Ecology as currently in use in other communities.</p>

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36	Appendix A: Shoreline Environment Designation (SED) Maps	<p>Map legend: “Not Designated” and “Incorporated” are not environment designations and should be relocated lower in the legend.</p> 	Revisions are recommended to the map legend to improve clarity and for consistency with SMP Chapter 2.
37	Global corrections	Final corrections to the Table of Contents, citations, particularly those resulting from the incorporation and codification of the updated Critical Areas Protection Ordinance, formatting, and any other typographical errors. Provisions needing formatting corrections include: 2.4.2, 3.5.3 E, 4.2.3, 5.4.3, 7.2.4, 7.3.2, 7.5.5, and 7.5.7	These changes are recommended for clarity and accuracy.