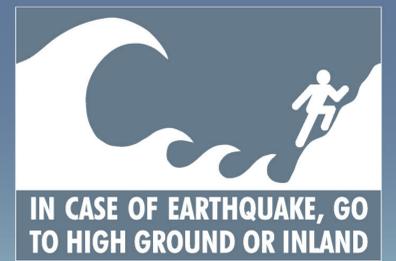


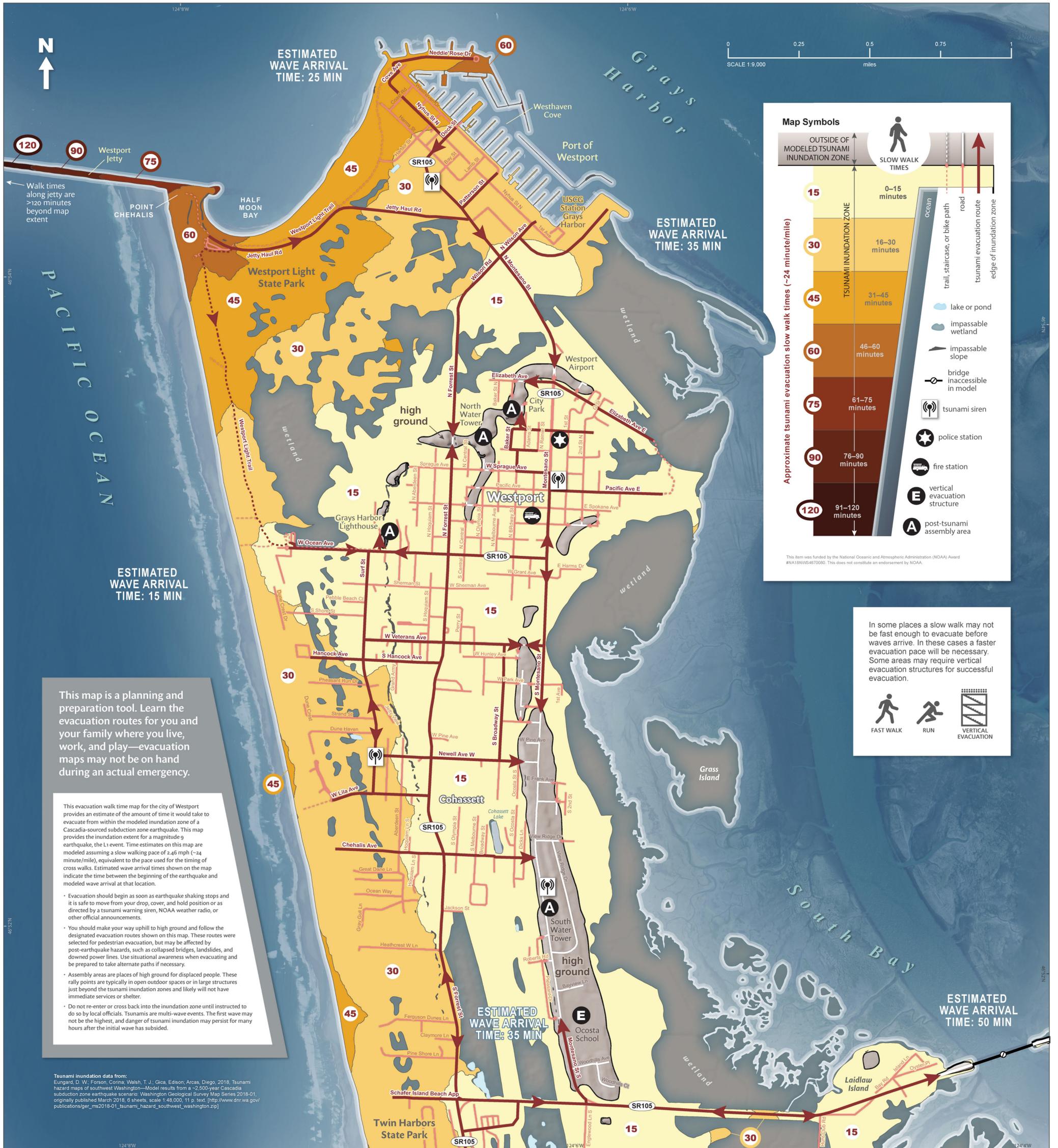
Westport Tsunami Evacuation Walk Times



WASHINGTON GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
SEPTEMBER 2019



City of Westport



Map Symbols

Approximate tsunami evacuation slow walk times (~24 minute/mile)	Symbol	Description
0-15 minutes	Walking person icon	SLOW WALK TIMES
16-30 minutes	Trail, staircase, or bike path icon	trail, staircase, or bike path
31-45 minutes	Road icon	road
46-60 minutes	Red arrow icon	tsunami evacuation route
61-75 minutes	Blue wavy line icon	lake or pond
76-90 minutes	Green wavy line icon	impassable wetland
91-120 minutes	Black triangle icon	impassable slope
	Circle with slash icon	bridge inaccessible in model
	Speaker icon	tsunami siren
	Star icon	police station
	Fire hydrant icon	fire station
	Letter E in a square icon	vertical evacuation structure
	Letter A in a square icon	post-tsunami assembly area

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In some places a slow walk may not be fast enough to evacuate before waves arrive. In these cases a faster evacuation pace will be necessary. Some areas may require vertical evacuation structures for successful evacuation.

This map is a planning and preparation tool. Learn the evacuation routes for you and your family where you live, work, and play—evacuation maps may not be on hand during an actual emergency.

This evacuation walk time map for the city of Westport provides an estimate of the amount of time it would take to evacuate from within the modeled inundation zone of a Cascadia-sourced subduction zone earthquake. This map provides the inundation extent for a magnitude 9 earthquake, the L1 event. Time estimates on this map are modeled assuming a slow walking pace of 2.46 mph (~24 minute/mile), equivalent to the pace used for the timing of cross walks. Estimated wave arrival times shown on the map indicate the time between the beginning of the earthquake and modeled wave arrival at that location.

- Evacuation should begin as soon as earthquake shaking stops and it is safe to move from your drop, cover, and hold position or as directed by a tsunami warning siren, NOAA weather radio, or other official announcements.
- You should make your way uphill to high ground and follow the designated evacuation routes shown on this map. These routes were selected for pedestrian evacuation, but may be affected by post-earthquake hazards, such as collapsed bridges, landslides, and downed power lines. Use situational awareness when evacuating and be prepared to take alternate paths if necessary.
- Assembly areas are places of high ground for displaced people. These rally points are typically in open outdoor spaces or in large structures just beyond the tsunami inundation zones and likely will not have immediate services or shelter.
- Do not re-enter or cross back into the inundation zone until instructed to do so by local officials. Tsunamis are multi-wave events. The first wave may not be the highest, and danger of tsunami inundation may persist for many hours after the initial wave has subsided.

Tsunami inundation data from: Eungard, D. W., Forson, Corina, Walsh, T. J., Gica, Edison, Arcas, Diego, 2018, Tsunami hazard maps of southwest Washington—Model results from a ~2,500-year Cascadia subduction zone earthquake scenario. Washington Geological Survey. Map Series 2018-01 originally published March 2018, 6 sheets, scale 1:48,000, 11 p. text. http://www.dnr.wa.gov/publications/iger_ms2018-01_tsunami_hazard_southwest_washington.zip